Daily Activity
November 7, 2011: Andrew Young (1972)

Introduction:

The daily activities created for each of the Today in Georgia History segments are designed to meet the Georgia Performance Standards for Reading Across the Curriculum, and Grade Eight: Georgia Studies. For each date, educators can choose from three optional activities differentiated for various levels of student ability. Each activity focuses on engaging the student in context specific vocabulary and improving the student’s ability to communicate about historical topics.

One suggestion is to use the Today in Georgia History video segments and daily activities as a “bell ringer” at the beginning of each class period. Using the same activity daily provides consistency and structure for the students and may help teachers utilize the first 15-20 minutes of class more effectively.

Optional Activities:

**Level 1**: Provide the students with the vocabulary list and have them use their textbook, a dictionary, or other teacher provided materials to define each term. After watching the video, have the students write a complete sentence for each of the vocabulary terms. Student created sentences should reflect the meaning of the word based on the context of the video segment. Have students share a sampling of sentences as a way to check for understanding.

**Level 2**: Provide the students with the vocabulary list for that day’s segment before watching the video and have them guess the meaning of each word based on their previous knowledge. The teacher may choose to let the students work alone or in groups. After watching the video, have the students revise their definitions to better reflect the meaning of the words based on the context of the video. As a final step, have the students compare and contrast their definitions to their textbook, dictionary or other teacher provided materials definitions.

**Level 3**: Provide the students with the vocabulary list and have them use their textbook, a dictionary, or other teacher provided materials to define each term. After watching the video, have the students write a five sentence paragraph based on the provided writing prompts.
Vocabulary/Writing Prompts:

**Vocabulary Terms**
- Icons
- Ambassador
- Desegregation
- Assassinated
- Appointed
- Pivotal
- Instrumental

**Writing Prompts**

1. The start of today’s segment argues that Andrew Young is a Civil Rights icon. What makes someone an icon? In a five-sentence paragraph explain what specific actions and events in Andrew Young’s life make him a Civil Rights icon.

2. It is hard to choose which way Andrew Young impacted Georgia the most. Is his involvement in the Civil Rights movement his longest lasting legacy, his service in congress or as ambassador to the United Nations, or his influential career as mayor? In a five sentence paragraph choose one of these accomplishments and explain why you think it is Andrew Young’s most lasting impact on Georgia.

3. How did you feel when you learned that Andrew Young was with Martin Luther King Jr. when he was assassinated? In a five-sentence paragraph explain how this tragic event may have impacted the rest of Andrew Young’s work as a Civil Rights advocate, and as a politician.

Related Georgia Performance Standards:

**Reading Across the Curriculum (Grades 6-12)**

SSRC1 Students will enhance reading in all curriculum areas by:
- c. Building vocabulary knowledge
  - Demonstrate an understanding of contextual vocabulary in various subjects.
  - Use content vocabulary in writing and speaking.
  - Explore understanding of new words found in subject area texts.
- d. Establishing context
  - Explore life experiences related to subject area content.
  - Discuss in both writing and speaking how certain words are subject area related.
  - Determine strategies for finding content and contextual meaning for unknown words.

**Grade 8 Georgia Studies**

SS8H11 The student will evaluate the role of Georgia in the modern civil rights movement.
- a. Describe major developments in civil rights and Georgia’s role during the 1940s and 1950s; include the roles of Herman Talmadge, Benjamin Mays, the 1946 governor’s race
and the end of the white primary, Brown v. Board of Education, Martin Luther King, Jr., and the 1956 state flag.
b. Analyze the role Georgia and prominent Georgians played in the Civil Rights Movement of the 1960s and 1970s; include such events as the founding of the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), Sibley Commission, admission of Hamilton Holmes and Charlayne Hunter to the University of Georgia, Albany Movement, March on Washington, Civil Rights Act, the election of Maynard Jackson as mayor of Atlanta, and the role of Lester Maddox.
c. Discuss the impact of Andrew Young on Georgia.

SS8H12 The student will explain the importance of significant social, economic, and political developments in Georgia since 1970.
   a. Evaluate the consequences of the end of the county unit system and reapportionment.
   b. Describe the role of Jimmy Carter in Georgia as state senator, governor, president, and past president.
   c. Analyze the impact of the rise of the two-party system in Georgia.
   d. Evaluate the effect of the 1996 Olympic Games on Georgia.
   e. Evaluate the importance of new immigrant communities to the growth and economy of Georgia.

SS8CG5 The student will analyze the role of local governments in the state of Georgia.
   a. Explain the origins, functions, purposes, and differences of county and city governments in Georgia.
   b. Compare and contrast the weak mayor-council, the strong mayor-council, and the council-manager forms of city government.
   c. Describe the functions of special-purpose governments.
   d. Evaluate the role of local government working with state agencies to administer state programs.

American Government/Civics, 9-12

SSCG6 The student will demonstrate knowledge of civil liberties and civil rights.
   a. Examine the Bill of Rights with emphasis on First Amendment freedoms.
   b. Analyze due process law expressed in the 5th and 14th Amendments.
   c. Explain selective incorporation of the Bill of Rights.
   d. Explain how government seeks to maintain the balance between individual liberties and the public interest.
   e. Explain every citizen’s right to be treated equally under the law.