

## June 26, 1918: Georgia Ratifies the 18th Amendment Vocabulary

Word	Part of Speech	<u>Definition</u>
Social Engineering	Noun	the use of policies that are based on the findings of social science to deal with social problems
Reformers	Noun	a person or movement that reforms or tries to reform others a person or movement that tries to change and improve something by correcting problems or getting rid of unacceptable habits or ways of life
Prohibition	Noun	in the United States, the period between 1919 and 1933 during which the manufacture, sale, and transportation of alcoholic beverages was forbidden by the 18th Amendment
Evangelical Protestants	Noun	relating or belonging to any Protestant Christian church that emphasizes the authority of the Bible and salvation through the personal acceptance of Jesus Christ
Temperance	Noun	total abstinence from alcoholic drink
Abolitionist	Noun	an antislavery supporter in the 18th and 19th centuries
Dens of iniquity	Noun	a place where illegal, sinful and secret activities take place
Nativist	Noun	a policy, especially in the United States, of favoring the interests of the indigenous inhabitants of a country over those of immigrants
Zeal	Noun	Enthusiasm - energetic and unflagging enthusiasm, especially for a cause or idea
Rural	Adjective	found in or living in the country. relating to, characteristic of, or involving farming
Mandated	Noun	an official command or instruction from an authority







Ratified	Verb	to give formal approval to something, usually an agreement negotiated by somebody else, in order
		that it can become valid or operative
Bootleggers	Noun	A person who made and sold alcohol during prohibition



